

Time-series Momentum Neural Network Strategy Utilizing Market Trend Dynamic

Jae-Min SONG and Jae-Gi JEON

Graduate School of Data Science, Chonnam National University, 61186 Gwangju, KOREA

Corresponding Author: Jae gi Jeon, jaegijeon@jnu.ac.kr

ABSTRACT

The time-series momentum trading strategy involves managing trading positions based on the persistence of return trends over specific time intervals. Applying the Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM) deep learning architecture has enhanced the effectiveness of time-series momentum strategies. However, there is a downside to the time-series momentum strategy, as its performance tends to decline during rapid market trend changes. The primary aim is to elevate strategy performance, particularly during critical moments distinguished by significant shifts in both long-term and short-term trends. To accomplish this, a blend of short-term and long-term trends is harnessed to grasp market states comprehensively.

Employing supervised learning methods like XGBoost proves instrumental in seamlessly integrating market trend changes into the model. These alterations are quantified numerically via XGBoost and subsequently merged into a time-series momentum trading strategy, which operates under the guidance of an LSTM network. The model adeptly absorbs these changes through rigorous backtesting on a portfolio comprising 99 continuous futures, enabling it to acclimate to market states and trend shifts, optimizing the Sharpe ratio effectively.

The experiments' conclusion is that adept risk management in time-series momentum trading strategies can lead to consistent profits, particularly during times of market turbulence such as the COVID-19 crisis.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

This work was supported by the National Research Foundation of Korea(NRF) grant funded by the Korea government(MSIT) (RS-2023-00242528).

REFERENCES

1. Baltas, N., & Kosowski, R., "Demystifying time-series momentum strategies: Volatility estimators, trading rules and pairwise correlations.", *Market Momentum: Theory and Practice*, 2020.
2. Chen, T., & Guestrin, C., "Xgboost: A scalable tree boosting system.", In *Proceedings of the 22nd acm sigkdd international conference on knowledge discovery and data mining*, pp. 785-794, August 2016.

3. Ehsani, S., & Linnainmaa, J. T., (2022). “Factor momentum and the momentum factor”, *The Journal of Finance*, 77(3), 1877-1919, 2022
4. Fama, E.F., “Efficient capital markets: A review of theory and empirical work”, *The Journal of Finance* 25, 383–417, 1970
5. Goulding, C. L., Harvey, C. R., & Mazzoleni, M. G., “Momentum turning points”, *Journal of Financial Economics*, 149(3), 378-406, 2023
6. Gupta, T., & Kelly, B., “Factor momentum everywhere”, *The Journal of Portfolio Management*, 45(3), 13-36, 2019
7. Jegadeesh, N., & Titman, S., “Returns to buying winners and selling losers: Implications for stock market efficiency”, *The Journal of finance*, 48(1), 65-91, 1993
8. Kim, A. Y., Tse, Y., & Wald, J. K., “Time series momentum and volatility scaling”, *Journal of Financial Markets*, 30, 103-124, 2016
9. Lim, B., Zohren, S., & Roberts, S., “Enhancing Time-Series Momentum Strategies Using Deep Neural Networks”, *The Journal of Financial Data Science*, 1(4), 19-38, 2019
10. Ong, J., & Herremans, D., “Constructing time-series momentum portfolios with deep multi-task learning”, *Expert Systems with Applications*, 230, 120587, 2023
11. Moskowitz, T. J., Ooi, Y. H., & Pedersen, L. H., “Time series momentum. *Journal of financial economics*”, 104(2), 228-250, 2012
12. Wood, K., Roberts, S., & Zohren, S., “Slow Momentum with Fast Reversion: A Trading Strategy Using Deep Learning and Change-point Detection”, *The Journal of Financial Data Science*, 4(1), 111-129, 2022